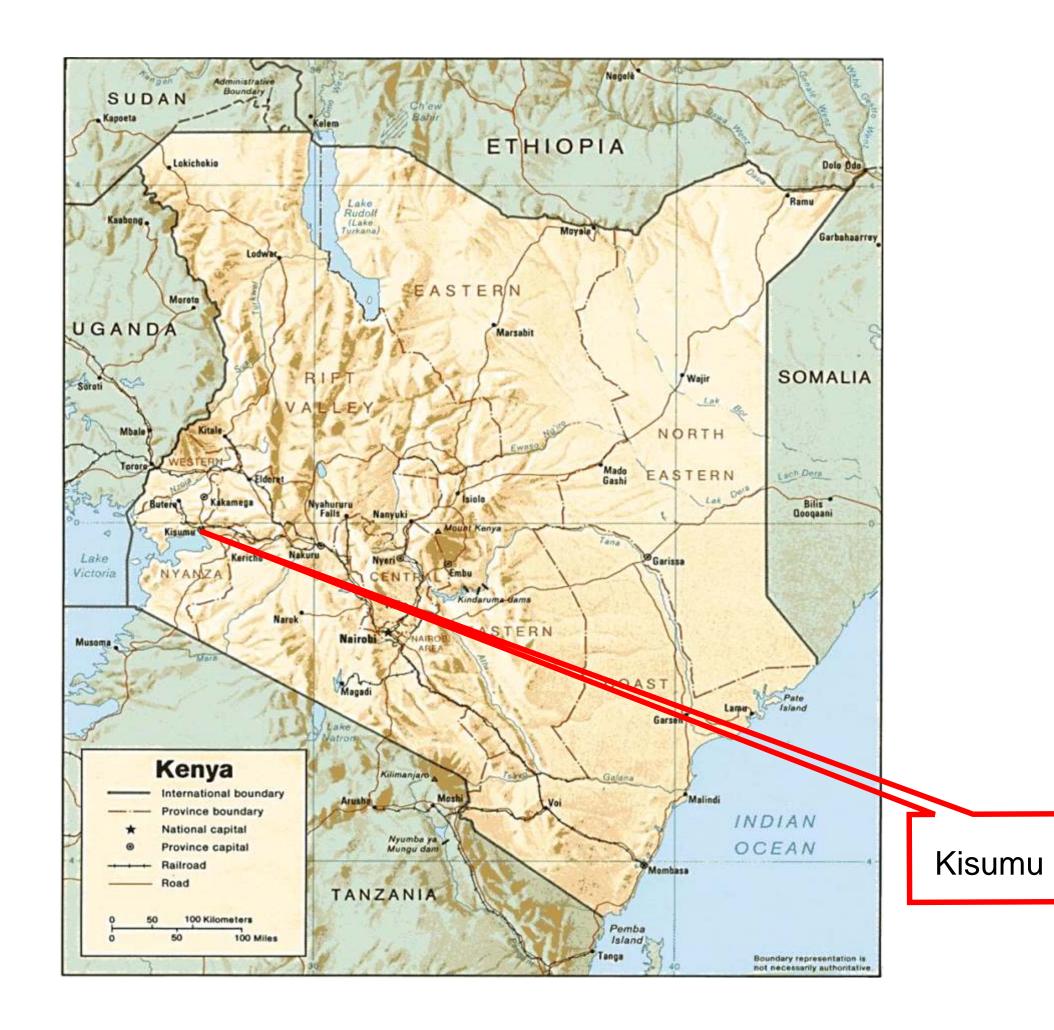
## Improving Enrollment and Retention of Youth into HIV Services: Lessons Learned from Kisumu, Kenya



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#### ssues

- Nyanza province has the highest burden of HIV in Kenya: prevalence 13% (national average 5.1%)
- Prevalence of HIV among 12-21 yr-olds in Kisumu is 17.1% (21% females, 11% males)
- Only a small proportion of this age group was accessing care and support services, and retention in care was low (5.3% of patients enrolled at the HIV care clinics within Kisumu City are aged 13-21)
- Services at most of the ARV clinics are not youth friendly
  - Prevention programs are often separate from treatment programs

### Components of youth friendly services

#### Services

- Integration
- **Participatory**
- Individualized
- **Short waiting times** Minimally invasive
- procedures

### **Physical Environment**

- **Confidential location**
- **Recreation facilities**
- Clinic that does not look like a "clinic"

#### Staff attitudes

- Youth friendly
  - language
- dressing Non-judgmental
- Confidential

#### Accessibility

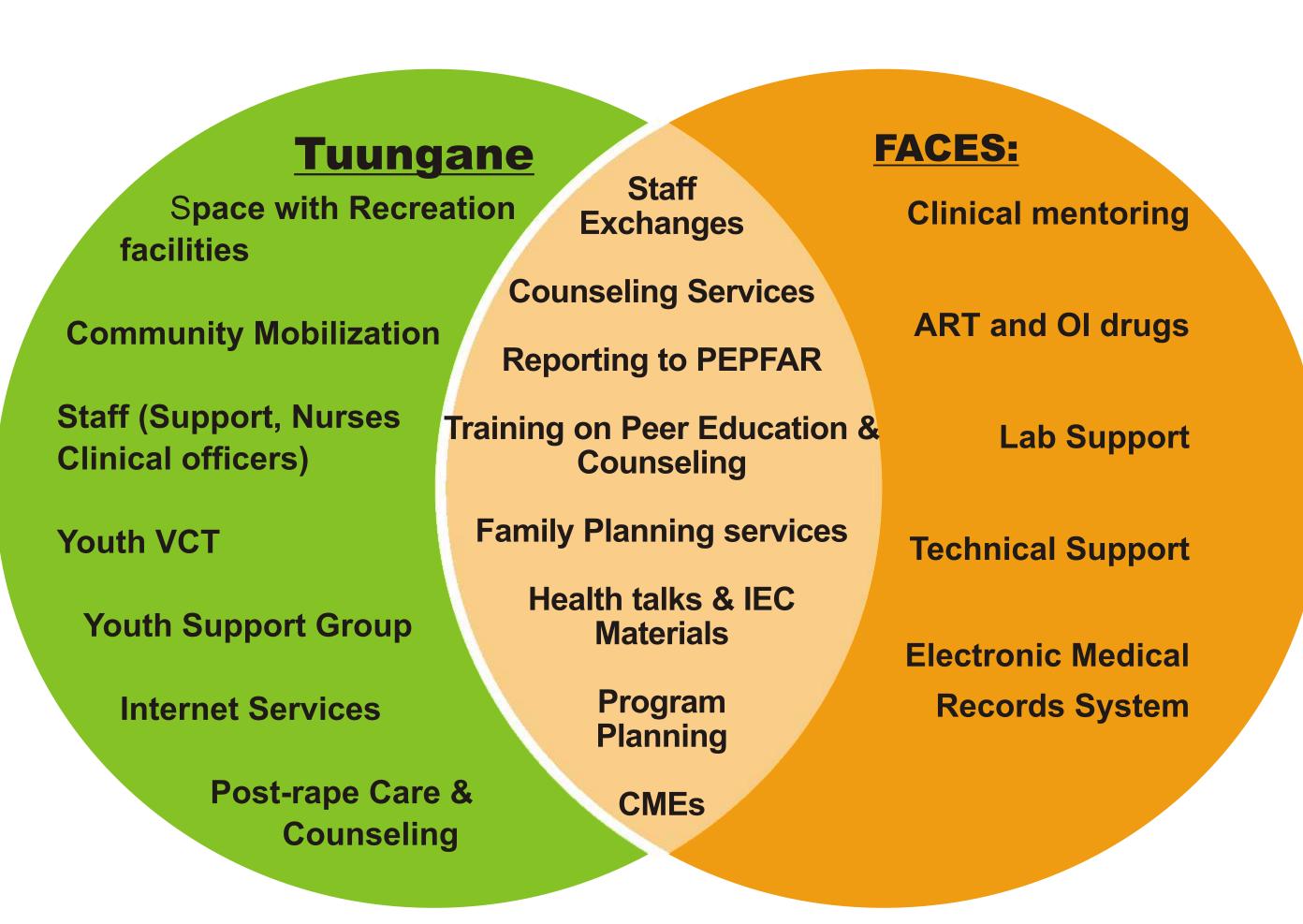
- Low cost of travel
- Low cost of services

Convenient location

#### **Convenient hours**

### Approach

- Partnership between a youth organization (Tuungane) undertaking HIV prevention activities provision of VCT and STI treatment and a family - focused HIV prevention, care and treatment program (FACES), to provide "youth-friendly" HIV care and treatment
  - Comprehessive youth-centered HIV program started November 2005
- Girls' only day started to improve utilization of the services by young women and their children
  - -Only female staff are on duty this day
- PMTCT and Pediatric ART services were also introduced to cater for children of young mothers





Youth engaging in recreational activities while awaiting service at Tuungane



A training session on peer education and counseling



A FACES clinician attending to a mother and child at **Tuungane Youth Center** 

#### Goals of the collaboration

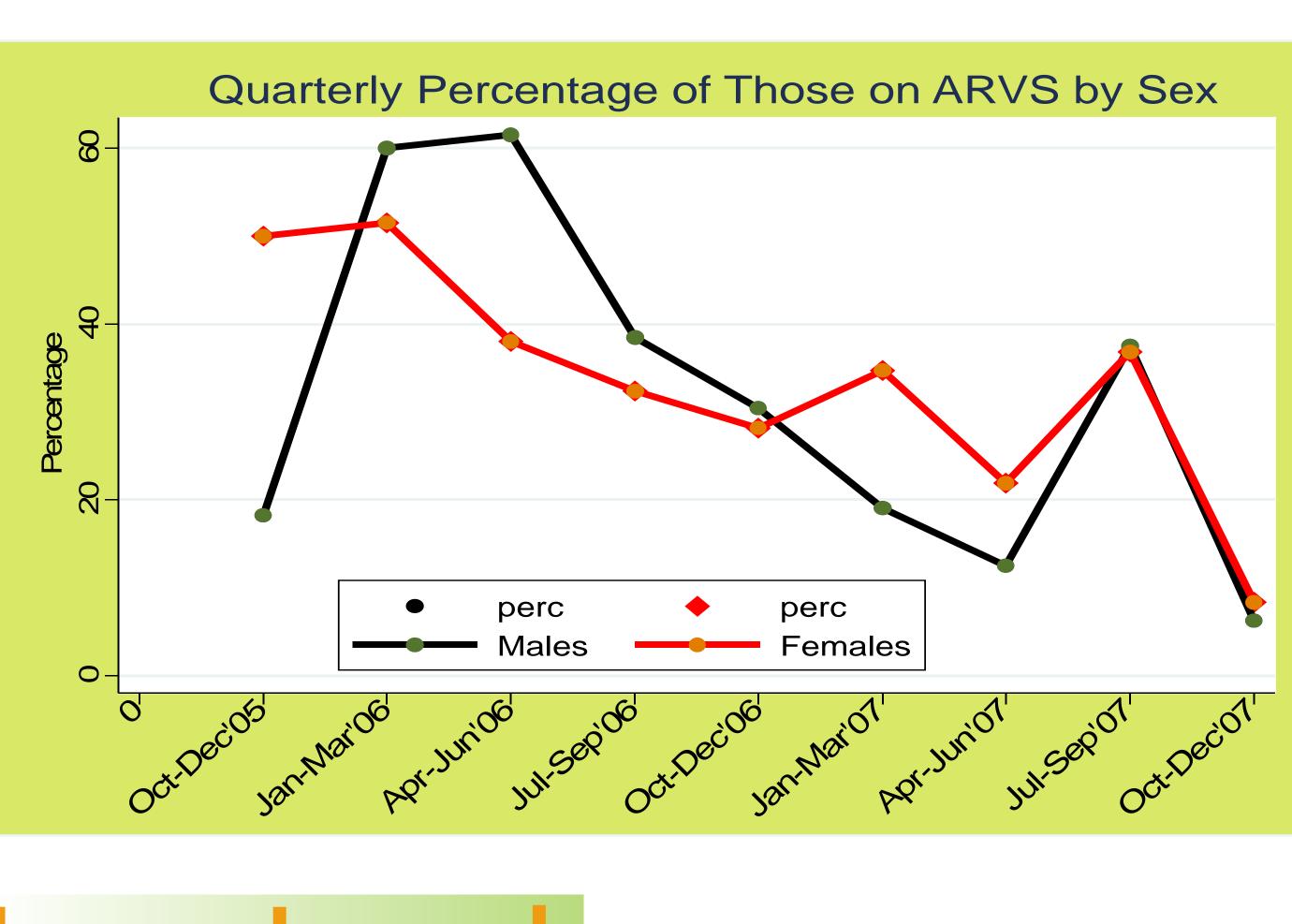
- Improve HIV care for youth aged 13-21 years in Kisumu
- Increase the number of youth enrolled in HIV care in Kisumu
- Increase uptake of VCT among youth in Kisumu

### Results

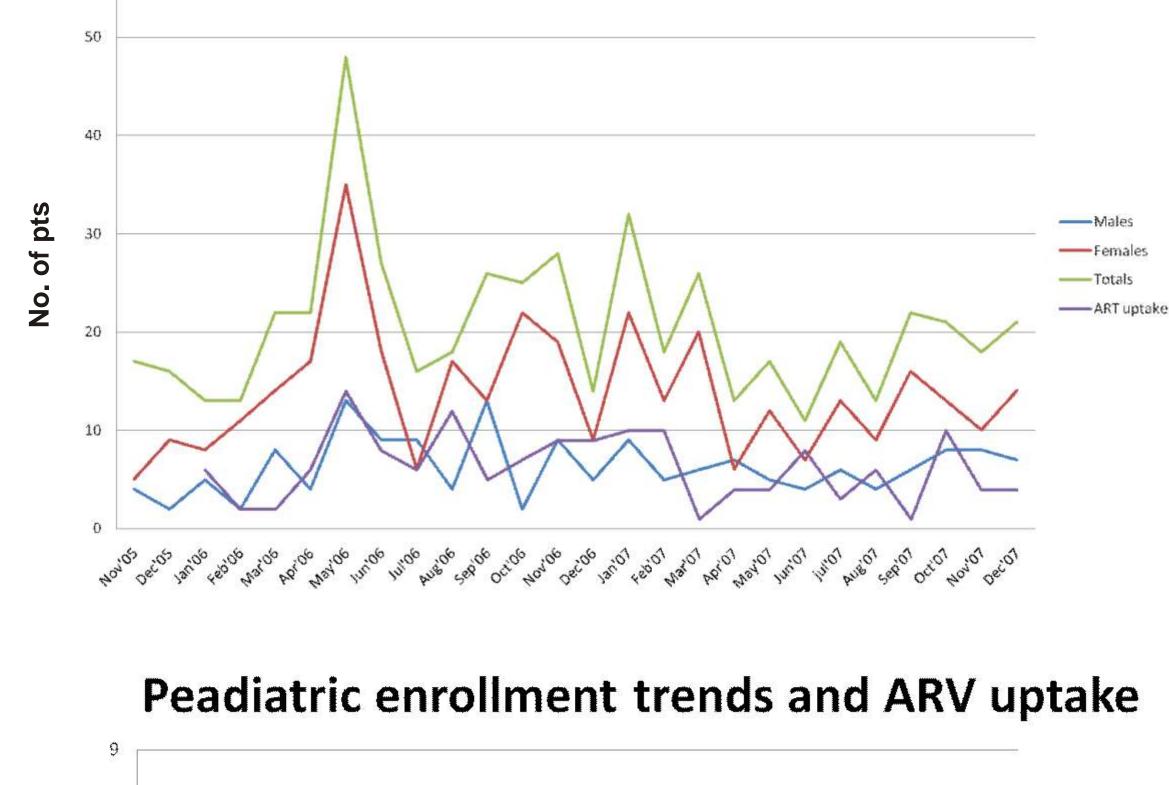
- Youth enrollment is substantially higher at Tuungane (November 2005 –Feb 2008)
  - Note: youth comprise just 3% of the patient population at Lumumba Health Centre
- WHO stage at ART initiation has not varied much between the two sites
- There's sex disproportion in enrollment at both sites (more females than males)
- A higher proportion of clients are on ARVs at Tuungane Youth retention is much higher at Tuungane
  - Note: Majority of defaulters occurred within the first three months of enrollment at both clinics

#### Results

	Tuungane (Youth-focused Site)	Lumumba (Non-youth focused Site)
Youth Enrollment Males Females	537 N (32%) N (68%)	212 N (12%) N (88%)
WHO stage 3 or 4 at ART initiation	124 (23%)	52 (25%)
Clients on ARV	181 (34%)	54 (25%)
Retention	376 (70%)	118 (55%)



#### **Enrollment trends and ARV uptake at** Tuungane



pts Peads Enrollment Trends ---- Peads ART uptake

### Lessons Learned

- Youth-centered sites catering to health and lifestyle needs including quality HIV services are a good option for increasing access to HIV prevention, care, and treatment for youth
- Youth-centered sites may draw and enroll higher volumes of youth than nonyouth targeted sites Although youth remain a challenge for HIV care retention, youth-centered sites
  - may be better able to retain patients Youth centers whose primary goal is prevention can also serve as a care and

# needs of youth

Recommendations

- HIV programs should seek to provide services tailored to fit the unique Youth HIV programs should focus on
- retention strategies during the enrollment process Ongoing evaluation of such
- programs is needed in order to come up with replicable best practices



treatment centers with proper support

